

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX*
Base Period: 1982-1984 = 100
Not Seasonally Adjusted

*These numbers are from the U.S. Bureau of Labor and Statistics Website (www.bls.gov/cpi)
and PRH has not independently verified the accuracy.*

*West – Size Class B/C is the CPI based on cities
with populations of less than 2,500,000 in 13 Western states*

CPI-U

	U.S. City Average		West – Size Class B/C	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
January	3.1%	6.4%	3.7%	6.0%
February	3.2%	6.0%	3.2%	5.7%
March	3.5%	5.0%	3.6%	5.2%
April	3.4%	4.9%	3.7%	4.8%
May	3.3%	4.0%	3.1%	4.4%
June	3.0%	3.0%	2.6%	3.6%
July	2.9%	3.2%	1.9%	3.5%
August	2.5%	3.7%	1.7%	3.7%
September		3.7%		3.9%
October		3.2%		3.2%
November		3.1%		3.1%
December		3.4%		3.5%

CPI-W

	U.S. City Average		West – Size Class B/C	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
January	2.9%	6.3%	3.7%	6.2%
February	3.1%	5.8%	3.3%	5.9%
March	3.5%	4.5%	3.8%	5.3%
April	3.4%	4.6%	4.0%	4.8%
May	3.3%	3.6%	3.3%	4.4%
June	2.9%	2.3%	2.6%	3.5%
July	2.9%	2.6%	2.0%	3.5%
August	2.4%	3.4%	1.8%	3.7%
September		3.6%		4.1%
October		3.1%		3.2%
November		3.0%		3.1%
December		3.3%		3.6%

* The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. There are many indices reported by the Bureau of Labor and Statistics. The CPI-U is a general index that tracks retail prices affecting urban consumers. The CPI-W is a more focused index that tracks retail prices affecting urban hourly wage earners and clerical workers. The percentage numbers presented reflect the 12-month percentage change. (for example: from January 2020 from January 2019) The US City Average is most generic and broad; whereas West B/C is regional to the West Coast. Any particular use of a CPI Index merits independent review and analysis for the demographics of your agency.