

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX\***  
**Base Period: 1982-1984 = 100**  
**Not Seasonally Adjusted**

*These numbers are from the U.S. Bureau of Labor and Statistics Website ([www.bls.gov/cpi](http://www.bls.gov/cpi))  
and PRH has not independently verified the accuracy.*

*West – Size Class B/C is the CPI based on cities  
with populations of less than 2,500,000 in 13 Western states*

**CPI-U**

	U.S. City Average		West – Size Class B/C	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
January	3.0%	3.1%	1.9%	3.7%
February	2.8%	3.2%	2.3%	3.2%
March	2.4%	3.5%	1.8%	3.6%
April		3.4%		3.7%
May		3.3%		3.1%
June		3.0%		2.6%
July		2.9%		1.9%
August		2.5%		1.7%
September		2.4%		1.6%
October		2.6%		1.7%
November		2.7%		2.1%
December		2.9%		2.3%

**CPI-W**

	U.S. City Average		West – Size Class B/C	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
January	3.0%	2.9%	2.1%	3.7%
February	2.7%	3.1%	2.4%	3.3%
March	2.2%	3.5%	1.7%	3.8%
April		3.4%		4.0%
May		3.3%		3.3%
June		2.9%		2.6%
July		2.9%		2.0%
August		2.4%		1.8%
September		2.2%		1.7%
October		2.4%		1.7%
November		2.6%		2.1%
December		2.8%		2.4%

*\* The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. There are many indices reported by the Bureau of Labor and Statistics. The CPI-U is a general index that tracks retail prices affecting urban consumers. The CPI-W is a more focused index that tracks retail prices affecting urban hourly wage earners and clerical workers. The percentage numbers presented reflect the 12-month percentage change. (for example: from January 2020 from January 2019) The US City Average is most generic and broad; whereas West B/C is regional to the West Coast. Any particular use of a CPI Index merits independent review and analysis for the demographics of your agency.*