CONSUMER PRICE INDEX*
Base Period: 1982-1984 = 100
Not Seasonally Adjusted

These numbers are from the U.S. Bureau of Labor and Statistics Website (www.bls.gov/cpi) and PRH has not independently verified the accuracy.

West – Size Class B/C is the CPI based on cities with populations of less than 2,500,000 in 13 Western states

CPI-U

	U.S. City Average		West – Size Class B/C	
	2026	**2025**	**2026**	**2025**
January	2.4%	3.0%	2.6%	1.9%
February	2.4%	2.8%	2.5%	2.3%
March	3.3%	2.4%	2.8%	1.8%
April	3.8%	2.3%	3.2%	2.0%
May	4.2%	2.4%	3.1%	2.5%
June	3.5%	2.7%	2.9%	2.7%
July	3.4%	2.7%	2.6%	3.3%
August	3.4%	2.9%	2.9%	3.5%
September		3.0%		3.5%
October		X		X
November		2.7%		3.0%
December		2.7%		2.8%

CPI-W

	U.S. City Average		West – Size Class B/C	
	2026	**2025**	**2026**	**2025**
January	2.2%	3.0%	2.3%	2.1%
February	2.2%	2.7%	2.3%	2.4%
March	3.3%	2.2%	2.8%	1.7%
April	3.9%	2.1%	3.3%	1.9%
May	4.4%	2.2%	3.2%	2.4%
June	3.5%	2.6%	3.0%	2.7%
July	3.4%	2.5%	2.7%	3.3%
August	3.5%	2.8%	3.1%	3.4%
September		2.9%		3.4%
October		X		X
November		2.7%		3.0%
December		2.6%		2.5%

** The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. There are many indices reported by the Bureau of Labor and Statistics. The CPI-U is a general index that tracks retail prices affecting urban consumers. The CPI-W is a more focused index that tracks retail prices affecting urban hourly wage earners and clerical workers. The percentage numbers presented reflect the 12-month percentage change. (for example: from January 2020 from January 2019) The US City Average is most generic and broad; whereas West B/C is regional to the West Coast. Any particular use of a CPI Index merits independent review and analysis for the demographics of your agency.*